

## Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Borehole

60-07-11

Log Event A

## **Borehole Information**

Farm : U Tank : U-107 Site Number :  $\underline{299\text{-W}18\text{-}117}$ 

N-Coord: 38.043 W-Coord: <u>75,657</u> TOC Elevation: <u>666.47</u>

Water Level, ft: Date Drilled: 5/31/1974

**Casing Record** 

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft.: 0 Bottom Depth, ft.: 125

#### **Borehole Notes:**

The top of this borehole's casing is about 6 in. above the surrounding ground surface in the U Tank Farm. Because the top of the casing is the zero depth reference for data depth locations, an adjustment of 6 in. should be subtracted from the depth locations of the data from this borehole when correlating with data from other boreholes in the U Tank Farm. According to the driller's records, this borehole was not perforated or grouted.

## **Equipment Information**

 Logging System :
 1
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date :
 10/1995
 Calibration Reference :
 GJPO-HAN-3
 Logging Procedure : P-GJPO-1783

### Log Run Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: <u>11/7/1995</u> Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>

Start Depth, ft.:  $\underline{124.0}$  Counting Time, sec.:  $\underline{100}$  L/R:  $\underline{L}$  Shield:  $\underline{N}$  Finish Depth, ft.:  $\underline{44.0}$  MSA Interval, ft.:  $\underline{0.5}$  Log Speed, ft/min.:  $\underline{n/a}$ 

Log Run Number : 2 Log Run Date : 11/8/1995 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.:  $\underline{0.0}$  Counting Time, sec.:  $\underline{100}$  L/R:  $\underline{L}$  Shield:  $\underline{N}$  Finish Depth, ft.:  $\underline{45.0}$  MSA Interval, ft.:  $\underline{0.5}$  Log Speed, ft/min.:  $\underline{n/a}$ 



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Borehole 60-07-11

Log Event A

# **Analysis Information**

Analyst: S.E. Kos

Data Processing Reference : P-GJPO-1787 Analysis Date : 5/21/1996

#### **Analysis Notes:**

This borehole was logged in two log runs. The pre- and post-field verification spectra indicate that the logging system was operating properly during data collection. The energy/channel drift observed during the logging runs did not exceed the search parameters of the processing software, and multiple energy calibrations were not required to process the data. A data overlap occurred at a depth of 45 ft when the same depth interval was logged between the log runs. The calculated concentrations were within the statistical uncertainty of the measurements, indicating acceptable repeatability.

The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 inch (in.), on the basis of published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel casing. Casing-correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during analysis.

Cs-137 was detected from the ground surface to a depth of 8 ft, from 13 to 17 ft, at a few isolated locations, and at bottom of the borehole. The maximum Cs-137 concentration of almost 20 pCi/g was measured at a depth of 1 ft.

Processed U-235 and U-238 concentrations related to uranium fuel materials waste were detected in this borehole. Processed U-235 was detected continuously at depths from 52 to 82 ft and from 83 to 93 ft. The maximum U-238 concentration of 80 pCi/g was measured at a depth of 53 ft.

Processed U-238 was detected continuously at depths from 52 to 69 ft, from 70 to 82 ft, and from 83 to 93 ft. The maximum U-238 concentration of more than 1,000 pCi/g was measured at a depth of 53 ft.

Details regarding the interpretation of the data for this borehole are presented in the Tank Summary Data Reports for tanks U-104 and U-107.

### **Log Plot Notes:**

Separate log plots show the man-made (e.g., Cs-137) and the naturally occurring radionuclides (K-40, U-238, and Th-232). The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations.

A combination plot includes both the man-made and natural radionuclides, in addition to the total gamma derived from the spectral data and the Westinghouse Hanford Company (WHC) Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data from WHC with no attempt to adjust the depths to coincide with the SGLS data.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the minimum detection level (MDL). The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.